Subsidiary Book

In a business most of the transactions are related to receipt and payment of cash, sale of goods and purchase of goods. Hence separate books are maintained for recording these transactions. The journal is subdivided into different books. These books are known as Subsidiary Books. These are the books of prime or original entry. All transactions are first recorded in the subsidiary books and then posted to the ledger.

(1) <u>Purchases book</u>: It records only the credit purchase of goods. Cash purchase of goods are not recorded in this book as these will be recorded in the cash book. Credit purchase of assets will be recorded in the journal proper and not in the purchase book.

The Purchase Book shows the names of the parties from whom goods have been purchased on credit. These parties are known as creditors. The Creditors accounts will be credited individually for the respective amounts shown in the purchase book. The total of the Purchase Book at the end of the month will be posted to the debit of the Purchase A/c in the ledger. Transactions are recorded in the Purchases book on the basis of the **Purchases** invoices that is inward invoice.

(2) <u>Sales Book</u>: It records only the credit sale of goods. Cash sale of goods are recorded in the Cash Book and not in the Sales Book. Credit sales of assets will be recorded in the Journal Proper and not in the Sales Book.

The names appearing in the Sales Book are of those parties to whom goods are sold. They are the debtors. The accounts of these debtors have to be debited with the respective amounts. The total of the Sales Book shows the credit sales made during the period and this amount is posted at the end of the month to the credit of Sales A/c in the ledger. Transactions are recorded in the Sales book on the basis of the sales invoices that is outward invoice.

(3) Sales Returns Book or Returns inward Book:

If customers return the goods sold to them, it is recorded in the Sales Return Book or the Return Inward Book. The debtors A/c is credited with the respective amount and the total amount the sales returned goods is posted to the debit of the Sales Return A/c in the ledger. When the goods are returned by the customer a <u>credit note</u> is issued to them. Transactions are recorded in the Sales Return Book on the basis of the credit notes. Credit notes is issued by the creditor (Seller) to the debtor (Buyer).

*Return of Cash Sales and Cash Purchases will be recorded through the Cash Book.

(4) Purchase Returns or Returns outward Book :

When we return the goods purchased to the suppliers it is recorded in the Purchase Return Book or the Return Outward Book. The Creditors A/c is debited with the respective amount and the total amount the Purchase Return Book is posted to the credit of the Purchase Return A/c in the ledger. When the goods are returned to the supplier a debit note is issued to them. Transactions are recorded in the Purchase Return Book on the basis of the debit notes. Debit notes are issued by the debtor (Buyer) to the creditor (Seller).

(5) Bills Receivable Books:

If the firm business draws a number of bills on its customers then a separate book may be kept to record these bills drawn. Posting will be done to individual Party A/c on the Credit Side and at the end of the month the total of Bills Receivable book will be posted to Bills Receivable A/c on the Debit side. This book records only bills drawn. No other transaction related to Bills i.e. dishonour / endorsed / honoured will be recorded in this Book.

- (6) Bills Payable Book If the business frequently accepts bills drawn by suppliers then a separate book may be maintained to record these bills accepted. Posting is done to individual party A/c on the debit side and total of Bills Payable Book at the end of the month is credited to Bills payable A/c. No other transaction other than bills accepted are recorded in this book.
- (7) Cash Book All cash & Bank Transaction are recorded in this Book eg.
 - Cash Purchases, Cash Sales, Purchase or sale of Asset for cash, expenses paid, incomes received, money received, money paid.
- (8) Petty Cash Book Day to Day Petty (small) expenses paid in cash are recorded in this book.
- (9) **Journal Proper**: If there is no special book meant to record a transaction, it is recorded in the journal (proper). The following types of entries are recorded in this book.
 - (a) **Opening entries :** When books are started for the new year, the opening balance of assets and liabilities are journalized.
 - (b) Closing Entries: At the end of the year transfer of balances from one account to another account.
 - (c) **Rectification entries :** If an error has been committed, it is rectified through a journal entry.
 - (d) Transfer entries: Transfer of Expenses & Income to Profit & Loss A/c.
 - (e) Adjusting Entries: At the end of the year amount of expenses or income may have to be adjusted. i.e. outstandings / Prepaid / Pre-received.
 - (f) **Entries on dishonour of Bills :** If Bill is accepted and it is not paid on the due date a journal entry will be necessary to record the non payment or dishonour.
 - (g) Miscellaneous entries :
 - (a) Credit purchase of Assets. / Credit Sale of Assets
 - (b) An allowance to be given to the customers or a charge to be made to them after the issue of the invoice
 - (h) Entries for drawing & accepting of Bills (If Seperate books are not maintained)
 - (i) Bad Debts w/off on the customer becoming insolvent.
 - (J) Effects of accidents such as loss of property by fire.
 - (k) Transfer of net profit to capital account.

(10) Posting of Subsidiary Books :

	Subsidiary Book	Individual A/c		Total of Subsidiary Book	
(a)	Purchase Book	Party A/c	Cr. side	Purchase A/c	Dr. side
(b)	Sales Book	Party A/c	Dr. side	Sales A/c	Cr. Side
(c)	Purchase Returns Book	Party A/c	Dr. side	Pur. Returns A/c	Cr. side
(d)	Sales Returns Book	Party A/c	Cr. side	Sales Returns A/c	Dr. side
(e)	Bills Receivable Book	Party A/c	Cr. side	Bills Rec. A/c	Dr. side
(f)	Bills Payable Book	Party A/c	Dr. side	Bills Pay. A/c	Cr. side

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1.	The total of the Purchase Day Book is posted periodically to the :					
	(a) Debit of Purchases A/c		(b) Credit of Purch	ases A/c		
	(c) Cash Book		(d) None of these			
2.	Total of the sales book for March indicates :					
	(a) Total sales for the month		(b) Total Credit s	(b) Total Credit sales for the month		
	(c) Total cash sales	for the month	(d) Total sales le	ss sales return		
3.	Goods sold for cash Rs.10,000 plus 10% sales tax. Sales A/c will be credited by :					
	(a) Rs.11,000	(b) Rs.10,000	(c) Rs.9,000	(d) None		
4.	Purchase Book is us	sed to record :				
	(a) All purchase of goods		(b) All credit purch	(b) All credit purchases		
	(c) All credit purcha	ses of goods	(d) All credit purchases of assets			
5.	A	is sent to a cust	tomer when he returns	goods:		
	(a) Debit Note	(b) Credit Note	(c) Proforma Invoice	(d) None of the above		
6.	Purchase of Fixed A	ssets on credit basi	is is recorded in :			
	(a) Purchase Book	(b) Cash Book	(c) Journal Proper	(d) Journal		
7.	The source docume	nt or voucher used	for recording entries in	Sales Book is :		
	(a) Invoice received		(b) Invoice sent ou	t		
	(c) Credit notes sent out		(d) Debit notes red	(d) Debit notes received		
8.	Trade discounts are	:				
	(a) Recorded in the	books	(b) Not Recorded i	n the books		
	(c) Not used for dete	ermining the net pri	ce (d) Used for specif	ic purposes in accounting		

		•		•				
9.	Total of Sales Book will be posted :							
	(a) On Debit side of Sales Account (b) On Credit side of Purchases Account							
	(c) On Credit side	(c) On Credit side of Sales Account (d) On Debit side of Sales return account						
10 .	A note sent by b	uyer on return o	f goods i	s:				
	(a) Debit Note	(b) Credit N	ote	(c) Retur	n Note	(d) None		
11 .	Bills Receivable Book is a part of							
	(a) Ledger	(b) Journal	(c) E	Balance Sh	ieet	(d) None of the	ese	
12 .	Purchase of office furniture on account is recorded in							
	(a) Purchase Book (c) Cash Book	ok	` ,	Journal Pro Petty Cash	•			
13 .	While posting th	e Purchase Bool	k					
	(b) Only the acc	 (a) Only the total of the purchases book is posted to the debit of purchases account (b) Only the accounts of the suppliers are credited with the amounts appearing against their respective names 						
	(c) The accounts	s of the supplier credit of the pu			ell as the t	otal of the purcl	nases book is	
	(d) The total of	the purchases b	ook is p	osted to th		purchases a/c a ounts appearing		
14.	Returns inward t	from Rahim is ei	ntered in	1				
	(a) Sales return (c) Journal	book		(b) Purch (d) Sales	nases returi Book	n book		
1 5.	Returned goods (a) Purchase ret				(c) Journa	al (d) Purchas	se Book	
1 6.	Sales on account is recorded in:							
	(a) Cash book	(b) Sales bo	ook	(c) Journa	al	(d) Sales retur	n book	
17 .	Purchase of Elec	ctric Kettles on a (b) Purchas		•	• •	Co. is recorded ir (d) Purchase R		
18.	In order to dete	` ,		` ,		. ,		
	(a) Sales Book	(b) Sales Ad	count	(c) Journa	al	(d) Total Debto	rs account	
19.	Which of the foll (a) Cash book	owing books wo (b) Purchase		sed to reco	•	se of goods on ac	ccount?	
20.	Which of the fo	ollowing books	should	be used t	o record p	ourchase of me	rchandise on	
	(a) Cash book	(b) Purchase	book	(c) Sales	book	(d) Journal		
21.	Journal proper is	used to record						
	• •			(b) all sal	(b) all sales of goods			
	(c) all business expenses paid in cash			(d) all adjusting and rectification entries				

22.	The Sales Day-Book (a) Journal (b) T	is a part of the. rial Balance	(c) Ledger	(d) Final Account			
23.	Purchases Book rec		. , .	,, -			
20.		b) Assets	(c) Stationery	(d) None			
24.	4. Which one of the following entry is not recorded in the journal						
	(a) Opening entry	(b) Closing entry	(c) Adjustment	entry (d) Credit sales			
25.	Bills payable book is (a) Subsidiary book	s a (b) Principal bo	ook (c) Ledger	(d) Memorandum	book		
26.	Posting is done from	1					
	(a) One subsidiary to (c) Subsidiary to led	another	(b) Ledger to su (d) Leger to led	(b) Ledger to subsidiary book (d) Leger to ledger			
27.	The Purchase Day B						
	(a) Journal	(b) Balance Sheet		(d) Cash flow stater	nent		
28.	The debit note issue	d are used to prepa	are				
	(a) Sales return book	k (b) Purchase r	eturn book (c) S	ales book (d) Purchase	book		
29.	(a) Bills Receivable	,	(b) Purchase Bo		ed for		
	(c) Journal Proper		(d) Purchase Ro	eturn Book			
30.	Purchases day book						
	(a) All cash purchase		• •	(b) All credit purchases			
	(c) Credit purchases	_	(d) None of the	above			
31.	Goods withdrawn fo	•					
	(a) Purchase Book	. ,	(c) Return outw	ard Book (d) Journal P	roper		
32.	Sale of Machinery fo						
	(a) Cash Book	(b) Sales Book	(c) Journal Prop	er (d) None.			
33.	Spot purchase of go	,					
	(a) Purchase Book	(b) Journal Proper	(c) Cash Book	(d) Returns Inward	Book		
34.	Computer repairs pa						
	(a) Cash Book	(b) Journal Proper	(c) Return Inwa	rd Book (d) None.			
35.	Appointment of typic (a) Cash Book	st on a monthly sal (b) Journal Proper		n. will be recorded in Book (d) None.			
36.	Credit note is used t	o record					
	(a) Purchase Book	(b) Sales Book	(c) Return Inward E	Book (d) Return outward	Book		
37.	Inward invoice is use	ed to record					
	(a) Purchase Book	(b) Sales Book	(c) Return Inward E	Book (d) Return outward	Book		
38.	Outward invoice is u	sed to record					
	(a) Purchase Book	(b) Sales Book	(c) Return Inward F	Rook (d) Return outward	Book		

39.	Which accounting entry is to be made for issuing a purchase order for Rs. 9,000 to K. Verma ?						
	(a) Purchase A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To Cash A/c		9,0	000			
	(b) Purchase A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To K. Verma A/c		9,0	000			
	(c) Purchase order A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To K. Verma A/c		9,0	000			
	(d) None						
40.	Goods previously order received Accounting ent	Goods previously ordered from K. Verma were delivered and an invoice for Rs. 9,000					
	(a) Goods A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To K. Verma A/c		9,000				
	(b) Invoice A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To K. Verma A/c		9,000				
	(c) Goods A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To Cash A/c		9,000				
	(d) Purchase A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To K. Verma A/c		9,000				
41.	What is the accounting entry for a cheques issued for Rs. 8,820 to K. Verma for full settlement of account of Rs. 9,000						
	(a) K. Verma A/c	Dr.	8,820				
	To Bank A/c		8,820				
	(b) K. Verma A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To Bank A/c		9,000				
	(c) K. Verma A/c	Dr.	9,000				
	To Bank A/c		8,820				
	To Discount A/c		180				
	(d) None of these						
42 .	Which of the following b	ooks s	should be us	sed to record purchase	e of a typewriter on a/c?		
	(a) Cash books (b)	Purch	ase book (c) Sales book	(d) Journal Proper		
43.	_			-	ting entry for depreciation?		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Sales	`	c) Purchase book (d) J	lournal Proper		
44.	Which of the following is		-	ournal?			
	(a) Paid bills payable by cheques						
	(b) Depreciation provided on plant and machinery						
	(c) Purchased machiner	-					
	(d) Sold old furniture of	Rs. 50	0 and cheq	ue received in paymer	nt		
45.	The appropriate books t	o reco	rd credit pu	rchase of Machinery is	3		
	(a) Purchase book (b)) Journ	al proper	(c) Cash book	(d) Petty Cash book		

46.	Opening and closing entrice	es are recorded in :	
	(a) Journal Proper	(b) Purchase Book	
	(c) Sales book	(d) Bill Receivable b	oook
47.	A debit note for Rs.500 issued by M Marshall is to be accounted for		· ·
	(a) Bill receivable Book	(b) Purchases Return E	Book
	(c) Purchase Book	(d) Journal Proper	
48.	When the goods are returned to a supply (a) A Debit note is sent to him (c) A receipt is sent to him	plier (b) An Account sale is s (d) Either (b) or (c)	sent to him
49.	Credit purchase of cotton by dealer wo (a) Sales book (b) Bill Receivable Bo	orth Rs.10,000 will be ente	red in (d) None of the above
50.	The monthly total of the purchase book (a) Posted to the Debit of the purchase (c) Posted to the credit of the bill payar	e A/c (b) Posted to the	credit of the purchase A/c
51 .	is recorded in purchas (a) Credit purchases of goods dealt in (c) All purchases of goods dealt in by fi	by firm (b) Cash purchase	es of goods dealt in by firm bove
52.	Return Inwards books records(a) Purchase returns (b) Sales returns		(d) Bill Receivable book
53.	Credit purchases of goods worth Rs.30	0,000 by a dealer will be re	corded in
	(a) Cash book (b) Journal Prope	r (c) Sales Book	(d) Purchases book
54.	Returns of Cash Sales is recorded in (a) Purchase Book (b) Sales Book	(c) Cash Book	(d) Sales Returns Book
55.	Total of Sales Book is posted periodica	ally to credit of	
	(a) Journal proper (b) Purchase Boo	k (c) Sales Account	(d) Cash Book
56.	Ram Motors will debit purchases of Mo (a) Motor A/c (b) Purchase A/c	otor in (c) General expenses A/c	(d) None of the above
57.	Purchase of Plant & Machinery on cred	dit basis is recorded in	` '
	(a) Cash Book (b) Journal proper		(d) Both (a) and (b)
58.	Accounting for partial recovery from N bad debt.	Ar. C of an amount of Rs.2	2,000 earlier written off as
	(a) Journal Proper (General Journal)	(b) Sales Book (c) Purch	nases Book (d) Cash Book
59.	Credit purchase of stationery worth Rs	.5,000 by a stationery dea	ler.
	(a) Purchase Book (b) Sales Book	(c) Cash Book (d) Journ	nal Proper (General Journal)
60.	A bills receivable of Rs.1,000, which claim of Rs.1,100, is dishonoured.	was received from a deb	tor in full settlement for a
	(a) Purchases Return Book	(b) Bills Receivable Bo	ok
	(c) Purchases Book	(d) Journal Proper (Ger	neral Journal)

б1.	Purchased goods from E w	ortn Rs.5,000 (on credit basis.			
	(a) Bills Receivable Book		(b) Purchase Book			
	(c) Journal Proper (General	Journal)	(d) Purchase Return			
62.	Unpaid salary for Rs.340 is to be provided for in the accounts.					
	((a) Bills Receivable Book		(b) Purchase Book			
	(c) Journal Proper (General	Journal)	(d) Purchase Return			
63.	Goods Outward Journal is meant for recording all returns of goods					
	(a) Sold on credit		(b) Purchased on credit			
	(c) Purchased on cash		(d) None of the above			
64.	The total of the purchases	day book is pos	sted periodically to the debi	t of:		
	(a) Purchases account. ((b) Cash book.	(c) Journal proper.	(d) None of these.		
65.	Purchases day book record	ls:				
	(a) All cash purchases.		(b) All credit purchases			
	(c) Credit purchases of good	ds in trade.	(d) None of the above			