

Extraordinary Teams Extraordinary Results

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Extraordinary Teams

- Display a high level of trust
- Manage conflict effectively
- Are committed to the common goal
- Practice courageous accountability
- Are focused on winning!

"Teamwork: Simply stated, it is less me and more we."

Author Unknown



Productivity and Profitability

Performing Teams

- Work efficiently
- Deliver quality
- Demonstrate commitment





Storming Teams

- Increase costs
- Ensure rework
- Have low morale



3 Types of Team Members



Actively disengaged

Nonengaged



Engaged Team Members

- Know why the project is important
- Contribute meaningfully
- Are individually valued
- Are not overwhelmed
- Feel a part of something bigger than themselves





Barriers to Extraordinary

- Weak Leadership
- Interpersonal Differences
- Self-protection
- Avoiding conflict
- Miscommunication
- Apathy
- Divided loyalties





This is not a leader





Wanted: Project Manager

- Must possess:
 - Proven leadership of technical and nontechnical teams
 - Exceptional collaborative, and consensus building abilities
 - Proficiency in staff motivation, conflict resolution and disciplinary procedures



Wanted: Project Manager

Minimum Skills

Manage, lead and motivate highly skilled project teams

- Motivate a varied, cross-functional staff
- Lead and promote change and effectiveness
- Forge collaborative relationships among cross-functional teams



A Leadership Role

Leadership Competencies

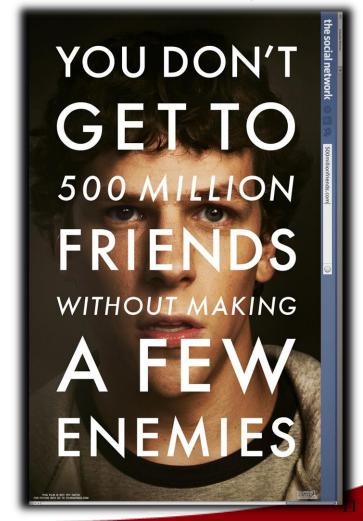
- Shares the Vision
- Knows Their Team
- Motivates Individually
- Champion for the Team
- Builds A Collaborative Network



Understanding the value of a Social Network is a critical part of being a good leader

...although I doubt this is what Zuckerberg envisioned

A Leadership Role

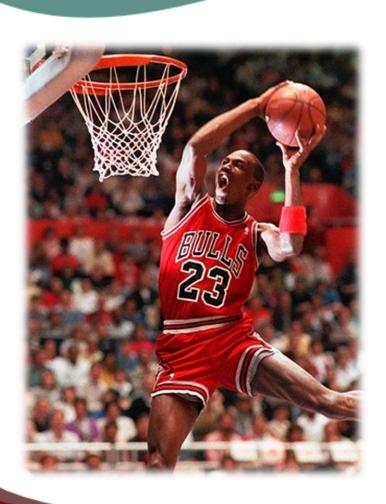




A Leadership Role







There's no I in TEAM...

...but there IS a *ME!*

Strong *ME's* make strong *TEAMS*

"Michael, if you can't pass, you can't play." Coach Dean Smith



What is a Behavioral Style?

External, observable behaviors that demonstrate how we interact with people, interpret situations, communicate and process information.







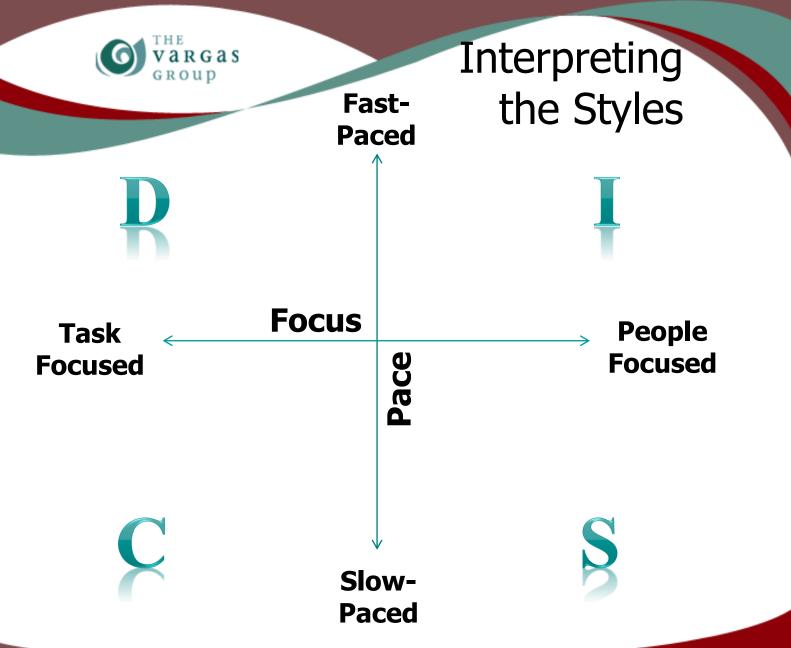


Why Does It Matter?

People fall into four different behavioral styles: **HINT** - the majority of the world's population is **significantly different from you!**

- The people you work with:
 - Think differently
 - Handle emotions differently
 - Manage stress differently
 - Communicate differently
 - Deal with conflict differently







Your Style

All About You

In the space below, identify those behaviors that have typically been **Most to Least** characteristic of you. Working *left to right*, assign 4 points to the **MOST** characteristic and 1 point to the **LEAST** characteristic behavior.

4 = Most Like 1 = Least Like

Total the numbers in each of the four columns. Place the total number for each column in the blank next to the word **total**. When all four columns are added together they must equal 50.

Example

Column 1		Column 2		Column 3		Column 4	
4	Directing	2	Influencing	3	Steady	1	Cautious
4	Decisive	3	Optimistic	1	Patient	2	Restrained
3	Daring	4	Enthusiastic	2	Stabilizing	1	Analytical
4	Competitive	3	Talkative	1	Accommodating	2	Precise
4	Forceful	3	Charming	1	Easygoing	2	Curious
19	Total	15	Total	8	Total	8	Total

19+15+8+8 = 50 points



Dominant Director

Decisive Likes to Win

Pace: Fast

Focus: Task

D ominant



Athlete

Interactive Socializer

Spontaneous Fun-loving

Pace: Fast

Focus: People

nteractive



Performer

The Styles Defined

Steady Relater

Collaborative Value Stability

Pace: Slow

Focus: People

S teady



Teacher

Cautious Thinker

Systematic Logical

Pace: Slow

Focus: Task

C autious

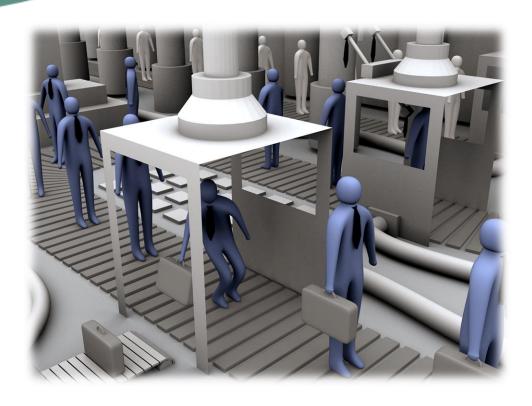


Scientist





Exercise



"Strength lies in differences, not in similarities."
Stephen Covey



Who We Are

D ominant



Athlete

- •Asks questions that challenge tradition
- •Works quickly to resolve issues
- •May hesitate to delegate
- •Can be seen as blunt or critical

II nteractive



Performer

- •Brings a sense of enthusiasm
- •Easily negotiates conflicts between teams
- •May be impulsive; not think things through
- May need help prioritizing tasks

S teady



Teacher

- Excels at calming disagreements
- •Looks for different approaches
- •May take themselves too seriously
- •May be perceived as rigid or inflexible

C autious



Scientist

- •Clarifies complex issues
- •Demonstrates technical expertise



- •May expect unreasonable standards from others
- May delay action by needing more data



Action Plan

Characteristics:

- Concerned with being #1
- Thinks logically
- Wants facts and highlights
- Likes personal choices
- Strives for results



- Show them how to win, new opportunities
- Display reasoning
- Provide concise data
- Allow them to "do their thing," within limits
- Agree on goal and boundaries, then support them or get out of their way



Action Plan

Characteristics:

- Concerned with approval and appearances
- Seeks enthusiastic people and situation
- Thinks emotionally
- Wants to know the general expectations
- Needs involvement and people contact



- Show them that you admire and like them
- Behave optimistically and provide upbeat setting
- Support their feelings
- Avoid involved details; focus on the "big picture"
- Interact and participate with them



Characteristics:

- Concerned with stability
- Thinks logically
- Wants documentation and facts
- Likes personal involvement
- Needs to know stepby-step sequence
- Wants recognition of their perseverance



Action Plan

- Show how your idea minimizes risk
- Show reasoning
- Provide data and proof
- Demonstrate your interest in them
- Provide outline or personally "walk them through" the instructions
- Compliment them on their steady follow-through



Action Plan

Characteristics:

- Concerned with aggressive approaches
- Thinks logically
- Seeks data
- Needs to know the process
- Utilizes caution



- Approach them in an indirect, non-threatening way
- Show reasoning
- Give it to them in writing
- Provide explanations and rationale
- Allow them to think, inquire and check before they make decisions



But wait, there's more!

- It's not just personality differences
- Our teams are potentially made up of

4 generations

 Could there possibly be DIFFERENT perspectives?

"People may hear your words, but they feel your attitude." John C. Maxwell





Consider this ...

When asked to name how Kennedy died ...



....a gunshot in Dallas

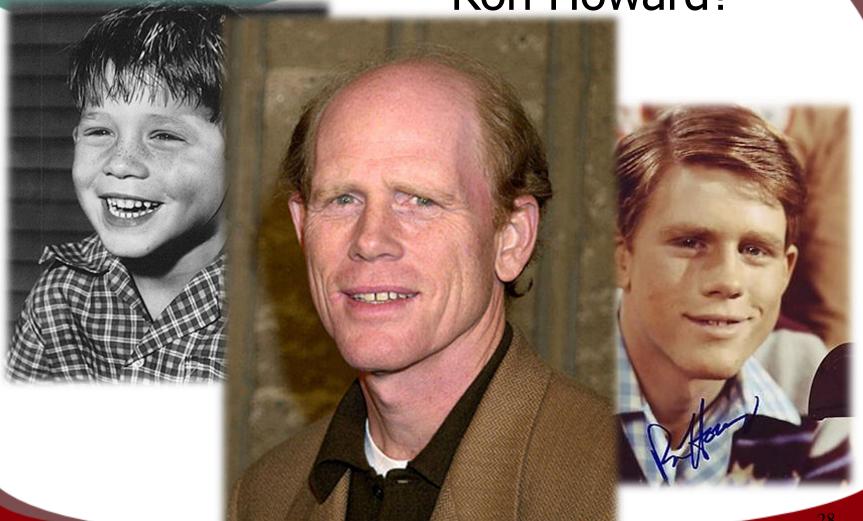
...a plane crash near Martha's Vineyard



Millenials: Kennedy Who?



Who is Ron Howard?





Drivers:

Traditionalists (67 – up)

- Iconic Entertainer:
- HHI:
- Defining Idea:
- Style:
- Work is:
- Education is:
- Reward because:
- Home stuff:
- Money:
- Family:
- Technology:

Frank Sinatra

\$40,000

Duty

Team Player

An inevitable obligation

A dream

You've earned it

Timex, milk and cookies

Put it away, pay cash

Traditional nuclear

Slide rules, rotary phone



Drivers: Boomers (48-66)

- Iconic Entertainer:
- HHI:
- Defining Idea:
- Style:
- Work Is:
- Education is:
- Reward because:
- Home stuff:
- Money:
- Family:
- Technology:

Mick Jagger

\$59,800

Individuality

Self-Absorbed

An exciting adventure

A birthright

You deserve it

Casio, milk and oreos

Buy now, pay later

Disintegrating

Calculators, touch phones



Drivers: Gen X (35-47)

- Iconic Entertainer:
- HHI:
- Defining Idea:
- Style:
- Work Is:
- Education is:
- Reward because:
- Home stuff:
- Money:
- Family:
- Technology:

Madonna

\$49,500

Diversity

Entrepreneur

A difficult challenge

A way to get there

You need it

Swatch, milk & snackwells

Cautious conservative, save

Latchkey kids

Spreadsheets and cell phones



- Iconic Entertainer:
- HHI:
- Defining Idea:
- Style:
- Work is:
- Education is:
- Reward:
- Home Stuff:
- Money:
- Family:
- Technology:

Drivers: Millenials (18-34)

Lady Gaga

Control \$160B in spending

Authenticity

Worldly

A chance to do some good

An incredible expense

Because you can share it

Phones to tell time, organic

Earn to spend

Merged families

All access, text messaging



Some suggestions...

- Bring supporting evidence for your ideas to reassure your team and stakeholders.
- Build credibility with older, more experienced team members. Respect their experience and value their contributions.
- Accept baby steps to progress. It's still progress!
- Always be a leader, not a boss. Don't impose, negotiate.
- Know your audience when to be casual and direct or formal and respectful. Build rapport.



Foundational Basics

- Building a strong team
 - is intentional
 - requires vision and leadership
 - involves a respect for diversity and inclusion
 - Empowers strong individuals





Extraordinary Teams

- Display a high level of trust
- Manage conflict effectively
- Are committed to the common goal
- Practice courageous accountability
- Are focused on winning!

"The strength of the team is each individual member.

The strength of each member is the team."

Phil Jackson



Trust





Trust - confidence that:

- Everyone's intentions are good
- My shortcomings won't be used against me.
- I don't have to compete against you.

"A man who trusts nobody is apt to be the kind of man nobody trusts." Harold MacMillan



Teams that trust ...

- Admit weaknesses
- Focus on what's important
- Accept questions and input
- Look forward to opportunities to collaborate

- Believe the best
- Take risks in offering feedback
- Readily offer and accept apologies
- Ask for help
- Tap into other's strengths



Can they trust YOU?

- Believe in the power of the team
- Work for them, not against them
- Be aware and adjust
- Transparent and vulnerable

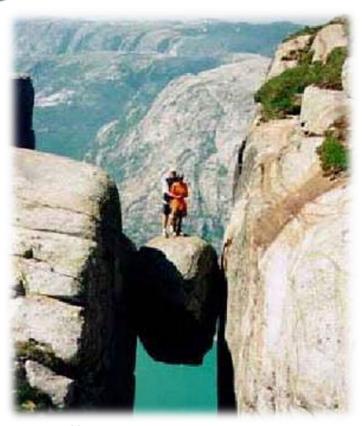


"No matter your title, people will not follow you, if they don't trust you."

John C. Maxwell



Exercise



"You will be most effective when members can compliment each other without embarrassment and disagree without fear." Grant M. Bright



Conflict





Conflict is OK when it's:

- Productive
- Limited to ideas, concepts, methods
- Not focused on personalities, individuals
- Focused on the current issue not from residual resentments

"If two people completely agree, one of them is unnecessary." Anonymous



The value of conflict

- Too much agreement can be stagnation
- Allows for creative problem solving
- Avoids Group Think
- Forces growth
- Minimizes politics
- It's REAL





Don't Get Caught

- Prepare for conflict
- Create a safe environment
- Encourage coaching within the team
- Know when to take it off line
- Group responsibility
- Diffuse it with fun





Exercise



"Without forgiveness, there can be no real freedom to act within a group." Max De Pree



Commitment





Commitment

Commitment = Clarity and Buy-in

Extraordinary teams

- Make clear and timely decisions
- Know that buy-in doesn't require total agreement
- Don't go for consensus
- Don't wait for certainty



The Committed Team

- Is clear about their purpose and priority
- Is aligned around common objectives
- Feels secure enough to risk
- Learns from their mistakes
- Moves forward without hesitation
- Changes direction without reprisal



Identity Matters







What do you think of when you see these logos?



Commitment Killers

The Power of Words

 Communication Modalities

Contagious Beliefs

- Victim Speak
- The 3 R's





Reinforce Commitment

Have Fun!

- "There may be 50 ways to leave your lover but only 4 ways out of this airplane." Herb Kelleher
- "Energetic, joyous teamwork drives out stress, boredom, burnout and apathy." *John Christensen*
- "There are just too many people at work with tight underwear." Ken Blanchard
- "I think it's wrong that only one company makes the game Monopoly." Steven Wright



ROI

Cost of consumable goods: \$13.87



Return on team investment:

PRICELESS



Accountability





Courageous Accountability

- Hold ourselves and others accountable
- Have the difficult conversation
- Meet standards and expectations
- Positive peer pressure

"Accountability is the glue that ties Commitment to Results." Anonymous



Empowerment & Accountability

Empowering Actions

- Collaboration
- Flexibility
- Consistency
- Unwavering support
- Distributed decision making





Empowerment & Accountability

Not So Empowering Actions

- Weak leadership
- Dishonesty
- Micromanagement
- The 3 P's
- Coalitions / Alliances
- Taking credit for others work / success





Accountable to the Vision

- Paint your picture of the future
- Affirm their meaningful contribution
- Communicate in terms the team
 - member can relate to
- Convey your belief in them
- "Listen back"





Accountable teams

- Feel comfortable in questioning one another's activities
- Apply positive pressure on poor performers
- Enjoy mutual respect and strong partnerships
- Avoid the bureaucracy of corrective action and performance management





Giving & Receiving Feedback



WIN/LOSE

"You and I need to talk. You just don't understand why this project is important. I expected you to behave this way."

WIN/WIN

"Do you have a minute? I'm concerned about the comments you made in the team meeting this morning. Your support and involvement is critical to success. Can we talk about your concerns?"





Feedback Language

Forbidden Phrases

"I DON'T CARE."

"NO."

"WHY DO YOU NEED TO KNOW?"

"THAT'S NOT GOING TO WORK."

"YOU'RE WRONG."

"YOU'LL HAVE TO."

"THINK OF WHAT I'M GOING THROUGH."

"WE'VE NEVER DONE IT THAT WAY."





Exercise



"Do you want a collection of brilliant minds or a brilliant collection of minds?" R. Meredith Belbin



Focus





Focused Teams

- Know what it means to win!
- Proclaim what it means to win!
- Position ourselves to win!

"We must all hang together, or assuredly, we shall all hang separately." Benjamin Franklin



Focused Teams are Performing Teams

- Performing includes these <u>feelings</u>
 - Insight, understanding
 - Satisfaction
 - Close relationship
- Performing includes these <u>behaviors</u>
 - Self-management and change
 - Ability to work through group problems





Performing Teams

- Demonstrate commitment to the larger goal
- Believe the sum is greater than the combined parts
- Are aligned around common objectives
- Prioritize in favor of the team





Self Management



"You can do anything, but not everything."

David Allen

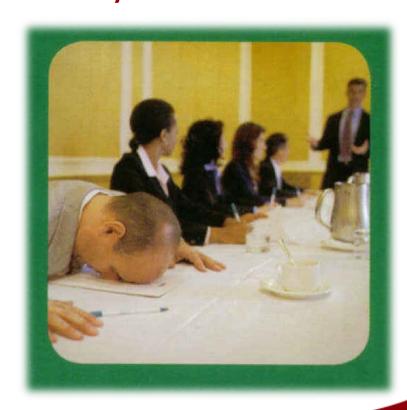


Managing Oneself

It's hard to lead others when your life

is unbalanced

- EI / SI
 - Self-Awareness
 - Self-Management
 - Social Awareness
- Fatigue wars against effectiveness





Task Saturation

- The battle cry: "Do More With Less!"
- Warning Signs
 - Shutting Down
 - Compartmentalizing
 - Channelizing
- Management Techniques
 - Checklists
 - Cross-checks
 - Mutual Support
- Put it in the right Quadrant





The Four Quadrants NOT URGENT

URGENT

IMPORTANT

NOT IMPORTANT

IV

Source: Stephen Covey



Quadrant I

URGENT NOT URGENT IMPORTANT NOT IMPORTANT IV



Quadrant II

NOT URGENT URGENT IMPORTANT NOT IMPORTANT IV



Quadrant III

URGENT NOT URGENT IMPORTANT NOT IMPORTANT IV



Quadrant IV

NOT URGENT URGENT IMPORTANT NOT IMPORTANT IV



So Now What?

- Assess Your Leadership Skills
- Establish Trust
- Manage Conflict
- Build Commitment and Accountability
- Consider your self management



Summary

What NEW thing did you learn today?

What was the most interesting thing you

learned today?

 How will you put it to use right now?

What results can you expect?

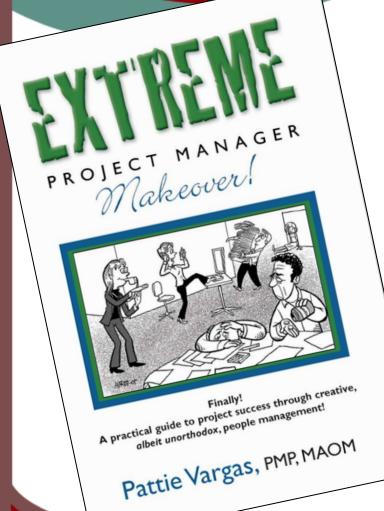




Recommended Reading

- The 7 Habits of Highly Effective People –
 Stephen Covey
- Drive Dan Pink
- Sometimes You Win, Sometimes You Learn John C. Maxwell
- Peopleware Tom deMarco, Timothy Lister
- The Five Dysfunctions of a Team Patrick Lencioni
- MY Book!





Thank you!

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